All Polish collector coins feature:

- face value
- image of the Eagle established as the state emblem of the Republic of Poland
- inscription: Rzeczpospolita Polska
- year of issue



Issuing collector items is an occasion to commemorate important historic figures and anniversaries, as well as to develop the interest of the public in Polish culture, science and tradition.

Information on the schedule of issue can be found at the <a href="https://nbp.pl/schedule-of-issue">nbp.pl/schedule-of-issue</a> website.

Should you have any questions, please contact our consultants at the following phone number: +48 22 185 17 05.

Collector coins issued by NBP are sold at NBP regional branches and in the NBP online shop.

On 21 August 2025, Narodowy Bank Polski will be putting into circulation a silver collector coin of the series "History of the Polish Coin" – "3-grosz coin of the Duchy of Warsaw", with a face value of 20 złoty.

Narodowy Bank Polski is the central bank of the State, responsible for its monetary policy and price stability. The Bank's functions are described in the Constitution of the Republic of Poland and the Act on NBP. NBP holds the exclusive right to issue the currency of the Republic of Poland. As the central bank, it does not provide accounts for the general public, accept deposits from or extend loans to individuals. It acts as a banker to the State budget and public sector entities. NBP also holds and manages the foreign exchange reserves of the State. Finally, it functions as a banker to banks, creating conditions for the operation of the Polish banking system. Narodowy Bank Polski is one of the most important research and analytical centres in the fields of economics and financial markets. For more information on NBP visit: nbp.pl

Narodowy Bank Polski

We protect the value of Polish money



## In Memory of Rev. Franciszek Blachnicki



## In Memory of Rev. Franciszek Blachnicki

On 17 July 2025, Narodowy Bank Polski is putting into circulation a silver collector coin "In Memory of Rev. Franciszek Blachnicki", with a face value of 10 złoty.

Father Franciszek Blachnicki was born on 24 March 1921 in Rybnik. In his youth he used to be a boy scout and a soldier and took part in the Polish defensive war of September 1939. He was part of the anti-Nazi resistance movement. He was also a prisoner of the Auschwitz concentration camp, in 1942 sentenced to death, which was commuted to 10 years of harsh imprisonment.

In 1945, he entered the Higher Silesian Seminary in Kraków and was ordained a priest on 25 June 1950. As a vicar, he worked in parishes in Tychy, Borowa Wieś, Łaziska Górne, Rydułtowy, Cieszyn and Bieruń Stary.

In 1957, he initiated a nationwide sobriety campaign called the Temperance Crusade. Already in 1960 it had 100,000 members declaring abstinence from alcohol. In August 1960, the state authorities banned its activities. Rev. Blachnicki accused them of breaking the law and persecuting the Church. For this reason, in 1961 he was accused of 'distributing writings containing false information', arrested and then sentenced to 10 months' imprisonment, suspended for three years.

In the academic year 1961-62, Rev. Blachnicki began his studies as well as teaching and research work at the Catholic University of Lublin. In 1965, he defended his doctoral thesis. After his habilitation was not approved by the state authorities, he resigned from his work at the university. He wrote more than 600 scientific and popular publications.

In 1963, he resumed organising oasis retreats for young people, from which the Light-Life Movement developed over time. In 1970, the number of participants in summer oasis retreats was 1,500. In 1976, about 20,000 people took part, and ten years later, as many as 76,000.



Face value: 10 zł

Metal: Ag 999/1000 Finish: proof

Diameter: 32.00 mm

Weight: 14.14 g
Edge (side): plain

Mintage: up to 8,000 pcs



Designer: Paulina Kotowicz Issuer: Narodowy Bank Polski

The coins, commissioned by Narodowy Bank Polski, were struck by Mennica Polska SA

Rev. Blachnicki lived in exile since December 1981. In 1982, he settled in Carlsberg (FRG), where he founded the International Light-Life Evangelisation Centre and the Maximilianum publishing house. In June 1982, he founded the Christian Service for the Liberation of Nations – an association that brings together Poles and representatives of other nations of Central and Eastern Europe around the idea of internal sovereignty and the unity of nations in the fight for liberation.

He was persecuted by the communist state apparatus from the mid-1950s until the end of his life. An investigation by the Institute of National Remembrance established that Rev. Blachnicki's death on 27 February 1987 in Carlsberg was the result of a homicide by administering lethal toxic substances.

Andrzej Sznajder

The reverse of the coin features the silhouette of Rev. Franciszek Blachnicki. The right side of the priest's coat is depicted as a striped camp uniform with the number 1201, referring to the priest's stay in KL Auschwitz. A cross with a stole and thorns is placed in the background.

The obverse carries the symbol of the Light-Life Movement and the image of a man and a woman following the Gospel.